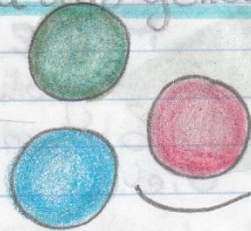
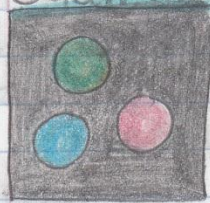


Why Plants are Green

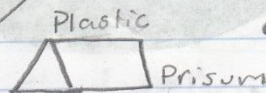
Dec. 19 L.T. To use evidence of light energy absorption and reflection to determine why Plants are green.

Hypothesis: If green, red and blue are reflected, and Cyan magenta and yellow are absorbed, Plants will be green.

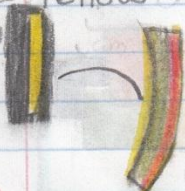
Reflection: Bounce back
absorb doesn't come back



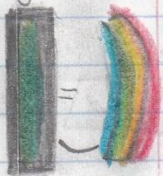
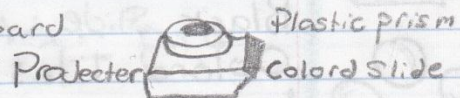
added lenses



Red white light
yellow yellow filter
green



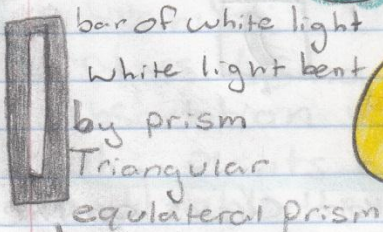
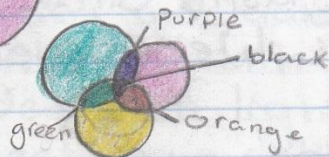
different colored Plexiglass Slides
put the overhead closer to
the board



Red, yellow green
blue, darker.



Pieces of Filter that
were slid together



Red orange yellow
green blue purple

White light
Red filter



red makes
red



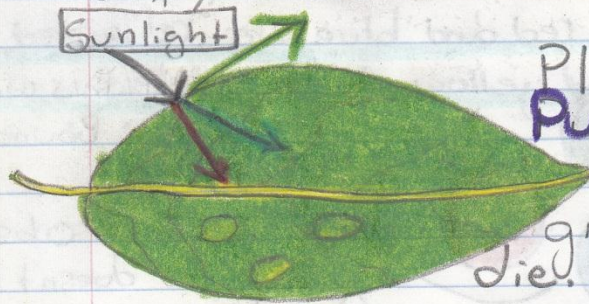
orange filter
white light
darker little
green
Red yellow green

white light
going through a
blue filter

Red green blue
Purple

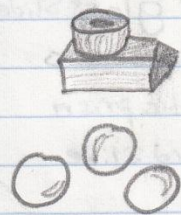
Red and blue
filter made red

Plants are green because red and blue light are absorbed as the energy source of photosynthesis. Green light is simply reflected back to our eyes.

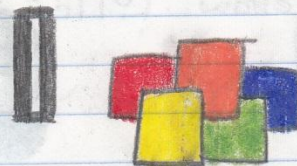


Plants grown in **Purple** (red + blue) light grow well. Plants grown in **green** light die.

Materials



Projector
Black Slide w/ Slit in it



Colored Tiles
Lenses

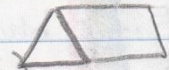


Black Paper w/ Blue, Red, & Green Circles

Plastic Triangular equilateral prism

Plastic Circles (Cyan, Magenta, yellow)

White Screen



Procedure

1. Put the Black paper w/ colored circles on the Projector. Take notes.
2. Put the lenses on and move the projector closer to the screen. Take notes.
3. Put the Plastic Circles on the screen and move the projector closer to the screen. Take notes.
4. Put the black slide w/ slit in it on the projector.
5. Put the different colored slides on the front of the projector. Take notes.

Observations Data Table

One	The light bent so the "Rainbow" was about 10 feet from the original slide.
Two	The Cyan Magenta and yellow were almost see through.
Three	Yellow and Orange's colors looked like Jamaica.
Four	Cyan Magenta and yellow would absorb the light.
Five	Red, Blue, and Green are Reflected.

Analysis

Pigment is a colored material that changes the color of substances. Refraction causes a prism to separate a beam of white light into different colors. Using the evidence of light energy absorption and reflection we determined why plants are green. Chlorophyll absorbs and reflects different colors, and since because red and blue are absorbed as the energy source of photosynthesis, green light is simply reflected back to our eye. The red filter reflected red and absorbed all the other colors (orange, yellow, green, blue, purple). The orange filter reflected yellow and green and absorbed orange, blue, and purple. The yellow filter reflected red, green, and yellow and absorbed

blue and purple. The green filter reflected Red yellow green and blue and absorbed orange and purple. The blue filter reflected Red green blue and purple, and absorbed orange and yellow. The Red and Blue filter together reflected red and absorbed orange yellow green blue & purple. Possible sources of error is that the colors I recorded, may not be exact. It was hard to tell if orange was there or not. This lab can be transferred to other applications because whenever I go to the paint store w/ my dad I will know why certain colors look the way they do.

Conclusion

Evidence of light energy, absorption and reflection help determine why plants are green. I accept my hypothesis that if green, red or blue are reflected, and cyan, magenta and yellow are absorbed plants will be green. In this lab, I learned that colors in light are different than paint. Now I wonder what would happen if the colors magenta, cyan and yellow had lenses. Since they already melted together, I think that they would overshoot and end up on top of each other.

Why Plants Are Green

Miss Amazing Science Student

Date Jan. 9/13 Period 4 Score 38/4

CATEGORY	4	3	2	1
Question/Purpose Hypothesis <u>3</u> / <u>4</u>	The purpose / hypothesis portion includes a research-based description of the reasoning the predicted relationship is based on.	The purpose of the lab or the question to be answered during the lab is clearly identified and stated. The hypothesis clearly predicts the colors that either be reflected or absorbed by the green filter.	The purpose of the lab or the question to be answered during the lab is identified, but is stated in a somewhat unclear manner. The hypothesis does not display clear logic based on previous samples.	The purpose of the lab or the question to be answered during the lab is erroneous or irrelevant. The hypothesis is missing.
Materials Procedures <u>4</u> / <u>4</u>	Exceptional detail.	All materials and setup used in the experiment are clearly and accurately described. Procedures are listed in clear steps. Each step is numbered and is a complete sentence.	Almost all materials and the setup used in the experiment are clearly and accurately described. Procedures are listed in a logical order, but steps are not numbered and/or are not in complete sentences.	Many materials are described inaccurately. Procedures do not accurately list the steps of the experiment and are difficult to follow.
Note Point Values →	8	6	4	2
Drawings/Diagrams <u>8</u> / <u>8</u>	Exceptional detail.	Clear, accurate diagrams are included and make the experiment easier to understand. Diagrams are labeled neatly and accurately.	Diagrams are included and are labeled. Attention to detail is lacking.	Needed diagrams are missing important details and labels.
Note Point Values →	4	3	2	1
Results: Observations <u>4</u> / <u>4</u>	Exceptional detail. A data table was used to organize the observations.	At least 5 additional observations are included which describe details of the lab which are not included in the drawings.	3-4 additional observations are included which describe details of the lab which are not included in the drawings.	1-2 additional observation is included which describe details of the lab which are not included in the drawings.
Note Point Values →	12	9	6	3
Analysis: Identifies evidence of which colors are absorbed/reflected by chlorophyll <u>11</u> / <u>12</u>	Additional thoughts about the data. Recognize and discuss cause and effect, relationships between variables. Evaluate possible sources of error. Demonstrate "next level" thinking by identifying how this lab/data can be transferred to other applications.	This paragraph clearly explains which colors appeared and which were absorbed by each filter. The discussion should include how reflection/absorption of light energy explains why plants are green.	This paragraph clearly explains which colors appeared with each filter but does not clearly identify how this evidence explains why plants are green.	This paragraph does not clearly explain why plants are green based on absorption.
Note Point Value	8	6	4	2
Conclusion <u>8</u> / <u>8</u>	Conclusion also includes a logical extension (I wonder...) that explores related topics AND includes reasonable hypothetical responses to the "I wonder" question.	Conclusion includes a topic sentence which restates the purpose and whether the findings supported the hypothesis, a discussion of the hypothesis, and what was learned from the experiment.	Conclusion includes whether the findings supported the hypothesis and what was learned from the experiment.	Conclusion shows little effort and reflection.

38 40-10 = 38 4